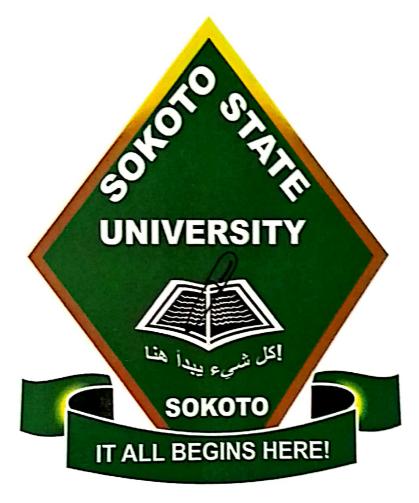
CALPILIE DOUBINAL

OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (CaJoST)



Volume 3 Issue 2 (August 2021)

ISSN: 2705-313X (PRINT); 2705-3121 (ONLINE)

A publication of the Faculty of Science, Sokoto State University, Sokoto, Nigeria

Available at: http://cajostssu.com/ and https://www.ajol/info/idex.php/cajost/index



Caliphate Journal of Science and Technology (CaJos)

Volume 3 Issue 2 (August 2021)

ISSN: 2705-313X (PRINT); 2705-3121 (ONLINE)

First published 2019

Available at:

https://cajostssu.com/ and https://www.ajol.info/index.php/cajost/index

Published by:

Faculty of Science,
Sokoto State University,
PMB 2134, Sokoto, Nigeria.
Website: https://cajostssu.com/;

Email: cajostssu@gmail.com



Caliphate Journal of Science and Technology

CaJoST, Volume 3 Issue 2 (August 2021)

ISSN: 2705-313X (PRINT); 2705-3121 (ONLINE)

Editorial Board

Editor-in-Chief

Prof. Ahmad Uba Mobile: +2348167267273 Email: ahmaduba@gmail.com

ublication Editor

Thompson Izuagie partment of Chemistry, koto State University, koto.

pbile: +2349066942275 nail: tomyi2012@yahoo.com

Managing Editor

Usman Iliyasu Department of Physics Sokoto State University.

Sokoto.

Mobile: +2347066677356 Email: usman.iliyasu@ssu.edu

Business Editor Ahmad Rufal

Department of Mathematics Sokoto State University, Sokoto.

Mobile: +2347068272590 Email: rufaiahmad55@yahoo.

Associate Editors

rof. R. S. U. Wasagu

epartment of Biochemistry smanu Danfodiyo University, Sokoto,

mall: rsuwasagu282@gmail.com

rof. Musa Momoh

epartment of Physics smanu Danfodiyo University, Sokoto, igeria.

rof. O. R. Afolabi

lepartment of Microbiology ederal University of Agriculture, Abeokuta,

imail: afolabiora@funaab.edu.ng

Prof. Babagana Kolo

Department of Chemistry, University of Maiduguri, Borno State, Nigeria. Email: bkolo@gmail.com

Prof. M. S. Gwarzo

Faculty of Pharmaceutics and Pharmaceutical Microbiology. Bayero University, Kano, Nigeria.

Prof. Aminu Abubakar Sokoto

Umar Ali Shinkafi Polytechnic, Sokoto, Nigeria. Email: aalhajisokoto@gmail.com

Prof. P. A. P. Mamza,

Polymer Science and Technology, Department of Chemistry, Ahmadu Bello University, Zaria, Kaduna State, Nigeria.

Email: paulmamza@yahoo.com

Dr. Muhammad Sirajo

Department of Chemistry, Sokoto State University, Sokoto. Emall: msmabera75@gmail.com

Dr. Sadiq Shehu

Department of Mathematics Sokoto State University, Sokoto. Email: sadiqshehuzezi@gmail.com

Dr. M. M. I. Furfuri

Department of Library Science, Sokoto State University, Sokoto. Email: mmifurfuri@gmail.com

Caliphate Journal of Science and Technology

CaJoST, Volume 3 Issue 2 (August 2021)

ISSN: 2705-313X (PRINT); 2705-3121 (ONLINE)

CONTENTS

CONTENTS	
Approximate Orthogonal Preserving Mappings on C*-Semi-inner	115-120
Product Space Abor I. Garba	
Association of COVID-19 with 5G Electromagnetic reasonable Bursting the World Web Conspiracy Theorists Efosa B. Odigie, Godwin E. Okungbowa, Oyedele O.Ajayi and Ofuje	121-127
CuSbSe ₂ as a Promising Earth-Abundant Photovoltaic Absorber Material: Synthesis and Structural Properties Abubakar A Sifawa and Ibrahim Zakariya'u	128-132
Content Validity and Reliability of Electronic Braking Systems Troubleshooting and Maintenance Manual for Automobile	133-138
Craftsmen in Nigeria Arah A. Saidu, Audu Rufai, Abdulkadir Mohammed, Umar I. Yakubu and Idris A. Mohammed	
Antimicrobial Activity of 2-((2-Hydroxybenzylidene) Amino) Nicotinic Acid and Its Cobalt (II) Complexes Synthesized from O-Phenylenediamine and 5-Nitrosalisaldehyde Izuagbe G. Osigbemhe,* Muluh. E. Khan, Amowie. P. Oviawe and Glen. Elkanah	139-151
Isolation of Trichoderma Harzianum from Soil and its Effect on Germination Potential of Selected Cereal Crops *Mustapha Isah, Abdullahi M. Labbo, Nura M. Bello, and Sumayya A.	152-157
Ayuba Synthesis and characterization of spin coated CZTS Thin films for solar cell applications Abubakar A Sifawa* and Anas Shehu	158-161
Purification and Quantification of Cellulase Produced by Aspergillus Niger Using Alkali Treated and Untreated Sugarcane Bagasse Ismail Muhammad,* Mercy B. Alafiatayo and Aishat O. Salau	162-166
Surface Deformation Studies in South of Johor using the Integration of InSAR and Resistivity Methods Sirajo Abubakar and Aravind A/L Shanmugaveloo	167-172
	V

	Modeling the Availability and Reliability of a Solar Photovoltaic System and Evaluating Using the Gumbel-Hougaard Family Copula Anas S. Maihulla, Ibrahim Yusuf, Zainab A. Dogon Daji, and Mujitaba Usman	173-181
/	Effect of Electronic Braking Systems Troubleshooting and Maintenance Manual on Skill Performance of Automobile Craftsmen in Nigeria Arah A. Saidu,* Audu Rufai, Abdulkadir Mohammed, Umar I. Yakubu and Idris A. Mohammed	182-187
	Efficient Numerical Approximation Methods for Solving High- Order Integro-Differential Equations Ayinde M. Abdullahi,* Ishaq, A. Adam, Latunde Tolulope, and Sabo John	188-195
	Roles of <i>Trichoderma species</i> as a Potent Biochemical Agent for Sustainable Farming Practice: A Mini Review Mustapha Isah,* Zainab H. Bello, Abdullahi M. Labbo, Abdullahi Ibrahim	196-205
	A Perturbed Orthogonal Collocation Approach for the Solution of Fredholm Integro-Differential Equations Sunday A. Ojobor and Efeturi M. Aleke	206-211
	Implicit Three-Step Hybrid Block Method for Solving First Order Initial Value Problems in Ordinary Differential Equations Williams Barde, Timothy Suleman, Emmanuel E. Dan and Sabo Zando	212-218

Article Info

tendiment of Industrial and technicity Education, takend (Inventity of Tachnology, land, Nigera

transporting author's email:

this: CauloST. 2021, 2, 182-187

Effect of Electronic Braking Systems Troubleshooting and Maintenance Manual on Nigeria Kill Performance of Automobile Craftsmen in

Arah A. Saidu, Audu Rufai, Abdulkadir Mohammed, Umar I. Yahuhu

The study determined the effect of electronic braking systems inclinationing The study command on the skill performance by administrative and maintenance marcai on the skill performance by administrative materials. and manner are necessarch question was raised and areasered. Also the rule hypothesis was tested at 0.05 level of significance. The Experimental Passance Design (TERD) using one group prelate postate design was adopted by the Study. The study was conducted in Federal Capital Tembery (FCT) Abilia. Study. The second Cagos States, Nigeria. The targeted population for the state. was 75 automobile craftsmen comprising of 45 males and 27 females. The instrument for data collection was Electronic Braking Systems Troublest-college and Maintenance Skill Performance Test (EBSTMSPT). The reliability of EBSTMSPT was established using Kendall's tau coefficient of concentrance and yielded 0.84 and 0.86 for part A and B respectively. The data collected ware analyzed using mean, and Analysis of Covariance (ANCOVA). Statistical Package for Social Sciences (SPSS) version 27 was used for all data makes. Findings from the study revealed that the electronic braking systems troubleshooting and maintenance manual had positive effect on the skill performance of automobile craftsmen in troubleshooting and maintenance of ABS, ATC and ESC. The study recommended among others that automobile craftsmen in Nigeria should embrace the use of electronic braking systems troubleshooting and maintenance manual in order to enhance their skill performance in troubleshooting and maintenance of ABS, ATC and ESC

Keywords: Craftsmen, Manual, Skill Performance, Troubleshooting and Maintenance.

Introduction

Electronic braking systems refer to the types of traking system that uses electronic means to achieve braking action. Electronic braking systems are generally designed to control the speed of the moving vehicle or bring it to rest in a storiest possible distance during special events such as sudden braking, under slippery road condition among others. Kline (2019) maintained hat, electronic braking systems increase braking mmfort and improve high degree of safety compared to other type of braking systems. The most common types of electronic braking sistems are Anti-lock Braking System (ABS). Automatic Traction Control (ATC) and Electronic Sability Control (ESC). Kline further stated that, about 40% of the defects detected on modern automobile correspond to electronic braking systems. The maintenance of these systems requires that, the automobile craftsmen must be effective in troubleshooting.

Troubleshooting is a problem-solving technique aimed at identifying the root cause of faults in the maintenance of components on a system. According to Michael (2018), troubleshooting is a systematic approach to problem solving which is inadequately possessed by technicians in order to effectively carry out maintenance on modern automobiles. Matthew and Rouse (2018) noted that, vast majority of automobile equipped with electronic braking systems suffer disrepair due to lack of troubleshooting skills on the part of automobile craftsmen due to poor maintenance. Maintenance is a way of repairing or servicing used equipment or machine in order to make for enhanced functioning capacity. Cimpan et al. (2013) argued that, the maintenance of modern automobiles especially those equipped with electronic braking systems is the most challenging task in automobile maintenance industry. The consequences of operational failure of electronic braking systems may result to fatal

CalcST, 2021, 2, 182-187

© 2021 Caliphate Journal of Science and Technology 182



Effect of Electronic Braking Systems Troubleshooting and Maintenance Manual on SAM

accident and loss of resources. Tashtoush et al. (2010) also stressed that, despite the importance of electronic braking systems, the car owners are stripped of the full benefits attached to the systems due to lack of effective maintenance

skills among automobile craftsmen. Automobile craftsmen in Nigerian context refer to graduates of Motor Vehicle Mechanic Works programme at technical colleges trained to carryout troubleshooting and maintenance of automobiles. According to Idris and Arah (2015), automobile craftsmen are trained persons with the knowledge, professional experience, skills related maintenance. Edeh (2016) further revealed that, it is undoubtedly clear that automobile craftsmen in Nigeria have deficiencies in troubleshooting and maintenance of electronics braking systems in modern automobiles. Improving the expertise level of automobile craftsmen without necessarily engaging them in any form of training capable of taking them away from work was achieved through the development of electronic braking and maintenance troubleshooting systems manual.

The electronic braking systems troubleshooting and maintenance manual is a book aimed at providing automobile craftsmen with the step by troubleshooting in guidance maintenance of electronic braking systems. Arah et al. (2021) revealed that, the benefits of the manual to automobile craftsmen include the efficacy in connecting new information to former knowledge and providing a basis for enhancing skills self-acquisition process. Rastogi and Nameeta (2013) opined that, manuals in general, possessed the capacity to allow learner acquire competences at their own pace. In order words, the valid and reliable electronic braking systems troubleshooting and maintenance manual was developed to enhance the skill performance of automobile craftsmen.

The skill performances of automobile craftsmen described the details of acquired learning objectives demonstrated by the conclusion of a unit of the manual. Abu-Moghli et al. (2015) disclose that, skill performance expresses the degree to which the demonstration of learning objectives occurs. The skill performances of automobile craftsmen in troubleshooting and maintenance of electronic braking systems is generally low (National Automotive Design and Development Council NADDC, 2019). The recorded low skill performance automobile craftsmen in Nigeria results to among technical disconnection with global trends in automobile maintenance industry. Olaitan and (2015)noted that, this disconnection technical negatively socioeconomic development of Nigeria as many automobile craftsmen are jobless or semi jobless due to lack of skills. Therefore, this study sought to determine the effect of electronic back manual on the skill performance for also

Statement of the Research Protes 1.1

The automobiles of nowadays sophisticated textraces with equipped innovations to improve on safety, compared innovations. fuel economy. These improvements fuel economy additional for automobile on the second fuel economy.

made it difficult for automobile cramping their orimary functions. Michael to discharge their primary functions. Michael Constitution in the state of the state o confirmed that, it is a common knowledge to a large proportions of the automobile craft Nigeria find it extremely difficult to troubleshoot and maintain modern automotion Several studies have been made to adde shortcomings notable among them row Ogbuanya and Idris (2014), Udogu (2015) ar Alabí et al. (2019). Despite these efforts inability of automobile craftsmen to carpo troubleshooting and maintenance services modern automobiles persists. This negative development led to the development of electron troubleshooting systems braking maintenance manual for automobile craftsmen Nigeria by Arah et al. (2021). In order to eran the usability of the developed manual, the nee to establish its effectiveness became necessary Hence, it is against this backdrop that researchers sought to determine the effect electronic braking systems troubleshooting an maintenance manual on skill performance automobile craftsmen in Nigeria.

Aim and Objective of the Study 1.2

The study aimed at determining the effect: electronic braking systems troubleshooting at maintenance manual on skill performance: automobile craftsmen in Nigeria. Specifically, # objective of the study sought to determine to effect of:

 Electronic braking systems troublestoric manual on si maintenance performance of automobile craftsmen troubleshooting and maintaining ABS, A and ESC.

Research Questions 1.3

The following research question was raised answered:

1. What is the effect of electronic train systems troubleshooting and maintenance manual on skill performance of automotion troubleshooting maintenance of ABS, ATC and ESC?

CaJoST, 2021, 2, 182-187

© 2021 Caliphate Journal of Science and Technological



cajost

Hypotheses

The following null hypothesis was formulated and the following null hypothesis was formulated and The TOWN 0.05 level of significance:

There is no significance difference between the skill performance scores of male and female automobile craftsmen that learnt troubleshooting and maintenance of ABS, ATC and ESC using electronic braking systems troubleshooting and maintenance manual

Materials and Methods 2.

True Experimental Research Design (TERD) using one group pretest-posttest design was adopted for this study. The TERD was considered suitable for the study because it accommodates randomization of subjects and automobile craftsmen cannot be found in an intact class. The study was conducted in Federal Capital Territory (FCT), Abuja, Kaduna, Kano, and Lagos States, Nigeria. The area was selected because; it had the National Automotive Design and Development Council (NADDC) and Industrial Training Fund (ITF). Also, the location had the affiliated institutions offering automobile mechatronics training programme for craftsmen in Nigeria. The NADDC and ITF were selected for this study simply because; they are the two major stakeholders in the development and utilization of manuals for automobile craftsmen in Nigeria. The targeted population for the study was all the 75 automobile craftsmen comprising of 48 males and 27 females from the NADDC and ITF owned and affiliated institutions that include: Autolady Engineering Technology Nigeria Limited, Abuja, Lady Mechanic Initiative, Lagos, AFEME Mechatronics School, Mogadishu Cantonment, Abuja, ITF Model Skills Training Centres in Abuja, Kano and Lagos, and Business Apprenticeship Training Centre, Zaria. The instrument used during data gathering was Electronic Braking Systems Troubleshooting and Test Performance Skill Maintenance (EBSTMSPT).

The EBSTMSPT was developed by the researcher and consisted of two practical questions used to assess automobile craftsmen skill performance in troubleshooting and maintenance of electronic braking systems. The EBSTMSPT was subjected to content validation by three experts, one each from Department of Industrial and Technology Education, Federal University of Technology (FUT), Minna, Nigeria,

Department of Examination Development (Auto Mechanic Unit), National Examination Council (NECO), Minna, Nigeria and Department of Automobile Electrical/Electronics, Automedics Nigeria Limited, Abuja. Furthermore, the reliability of EBSTMSPT was established by trial testing the instruments on 8 ascertained automobile craftsmen from Kaura Danali Motors, Minna, Niger State, Nigeria. Kendall's tau coefficient of concordance was used to establish the inter-rater reliability of EBSTMSPT and yielded 0.84 and 0.86 for part A and B respectively. Data were collected through true experiment.

The experiment was conducted in three stages within seven weeks to measure the effectiveness of the electronic braking systems troubleshooting maintenance manual on the performance of automobile craftsmen. The first experiment involved the the stage of administration of EBSTMSPT to all automobile craftsmen by their instructors in the first week of the study as pre-test to measure the skills they possessed in troubleshooting and maintenance of electronic braking systems. The second stage of the experiment involved the administration of the manual to all the automobile craftsmen by their instructors immediately after the first stage of the experiment. At this stage, the automobile craftsmen were expected to selflearn the contents of the manual for a period of six weeks. The six weeks was considered enough time to allow automobile craftsmen selfstudy the contents of the manual by the Subject Matter Experts involved in the development of the manual. Nevertheless, the third stage of the experiment involved the administration of EBSTMSPT to all the automobile craftsmen by their instructors in the seventh week of the study as post-test to measure the skill performance in troubleshooting and maintenance of electronic braking systems. The data collected were analyzed using mean, and Analysis of Covariance (ANCOVA). Statistical Package for Social Sciences (SPSS) version 27 was used for all data analysis.

Results and Discussion 3.

Research Question One

What is the effect of electronic braking systems troubleshooting and maintenance manual on skill performance of automobile craftsmen in troubleshooting and maintenance of ABS, ATC and ESC?

© 2021 Caliphate Journal of Science and Technology | 184

Effect of Electronic Braking Systems Troubleshooting and Maintenance Manual on Skill ...

Table 1: Skill Performance Scores of Automobile Craftsmen that Learnt Troubleshooting and Maintenance Manual Maintenance Manual

Control Colonia Research Colonia Control Colonia Colon	a property the state of the sta	Pre-tost	Post-test	
Craftsmen	N	Moan	Mean	Manna
THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T	48	34.04	75.37	Mean Gain
Male	27	33.03	76.00	42.97
Female			of automobile cr	allamon Is

Table 1 shows that, the male automobile craftsmen had a mean score of 34.04 in the pretest and 75.37 in the post-test with a pre-test, post-test mean gain of 41.33. The female automobile craftsmen had a mean score of 33.03 In the pre-test and 76.00 in the post-test with a pre-test, post-test mean gain of 42.97. These mean gains implied that, electronic braking systems troubleshooting and maintenance manual had positive effect on skill performance

ismen in troubleshooting maintenance of ABS, ATC and ESC,

Hypothesis One 3.2

There is no significance difference between the skill performance scores of male and female troubleshooting and maintenance of ABS, ATC and ESC using electronic braking systems troubleshooting and maintenance manual

Table 2: Analysis of Covariate on the Significance Difference between the Skill Performance Scores of Male and Table 2: Analysis of Covariate on the Significance Difference and Maintenance of ABS, ATC and ESC Using Female Automobile Craftsmen that Learnt the Troubleshooting and Maintenance of ABS, ATC and ESC Using Electronic Braking Systems Troubleshooting and Maintenance Manual

Source	Type III Sum of Squares	Df	Mean Square	F	Sig.
Corrected Model	22,735 ^a	2	11.368	.827	.441
Intercept	1696.699	1	1696.699	123.488	.000
Pretest	15,985	1	15.985	1.163	.284
Group	11.276	1	11.276	.821	.368*
Error	989.265	72	13.740		iood
Total	429664.000	75			
Corrected Total	1012.000	74			

a. R Squared = .022 (Adjusted R Squared = -.005)

Table 2 shows the F calculated value for the groups is .821 with a significant of F at .368 which is above .05 stated level of significance. The results indicated that there is no statistically difference between the skill significance performance scores of male and female automobile craftsmen that learnt the troubleshooting and maintenance of ABS, ATC and ESC using electronic braking systems troubleshooting and maintenance manual. Hence, the null hypothesis stated was withheld.

3.3 **Findings**

- 1. Electronic braking systems troubleshooting and maintenance manual had positive effect on the skill performance of automobile craftsmen in troubleshooting and maintenance of ABS, ATC and ESC.
- 2. There was no significance difference between the skill performance scores of male and female automobile craftsmen that learnt the troubleshooting and maintenance of ABS, ATC and ESC using electronic braking systems troubleshooting and maintenance manual.

Discussion of Findings 3,4

Finding on the effect of electronic braking systems troubleshooting and maintenance manual on skill performance of automobile craftsmen in troubleshooting and maintenance of ABS, ATC and ESC revealed positive. This braking electronic Implied that. maintenance and troubleshooting enhanced the skill performance of automobile craftsmen in troubleshooting and maintenance of ABS, ATC and ESC. The finding is related to the findings of Adekunle (2013) in his study on development and validation of an Auto Mechanics Intelligent Tutor (AMIT) for teaching Auto-mechanics trades concepts in technical colleges that revealed students that were taught Auto-mechanics trades concepts using Alli obtained higher mean scores in cognitive and skill performance than others. The implication of the first the fi this finding is that, the electronic braking systems troubleshooting and maintenance manual hutilized in utilized is capable of adequately enhancing in skill performance of automobile craftsmen in troubleshooting and maintenance of ABS, ATC and ESC.

Furthermore, the test for significance different between the skill performance scores of me and female and female automobile craftsmen that learn that © 2021 Caliphate Journal of Science and Technology 138

CaJoST, 2021, 2, 182-187

possible to the property of th FSC using electronic braking systems and maintenance presided not statistical significant. The finding is property to the finding of Maeleera (2018) that entitled no significance difference between the achievement scores of technologists such retriperation and air-conditioning using motives and those not taught in South-South, News The no significance difference between the sea performance scores of male and female advicable craftsmen is a clear indication that, on the braking systems troubleshooting and main rance manual is not gender biased.

Conclusion

The study provided insights on the effect of envious braking systems troubleshooting and martenance manual on skill performance of automobile craftsmen in Nigeria. The results avained revealed that, the skill performances of automobile craftsmen in troubleshooting and maintenance of ABS, ATC and ESC were enanced using electronic braking systems trobleshooting and maintenance Furthermore, the enhanced skill performance manual. scores of male and female automobile craftsmen m troubleshooting and maintenance of electronic braking systems does not differ statistically. Though, it is also important that, the effects of the manual on the cognitive performance and interest of automobile craftsmen are ascertained. Therefore, it is concluded that, the electronic systems troubleshooting maintenance manual is capable of improving the skill performance of automobile craftsmen in Nigeria significantly.

4.1 Recommendations

Based on the findings of the study, the following recommendations were made:

- Automobile craftsmen in Nigeria should embrace the use of electronic braking systems troubleshooting and maintenance manual in order to enhance their skill performance in troubleshooting and the maintenance of ABS, ATC and ESC.
- National Automotive Design Development Council and Industrial Training Fund in Nigeria should make mass production of electronic braking systems troubleshooting maintenance manual in order to enhance the skill performance of automobile craftsmen in troubleshooting and the maintenance of ABS, ATC and ESC.

Acknowledgements

The author acknowledges the role of automobile craftsmen and their instructors from NADDC and ITF owned and affiliated institutions (Autolady Engineering Technology Nigeria Limited, Abuja, Lady Mechanic Initiative, Lagos, AFEME Mechatronica School, Mogadiatru Cantonment, Abuja, ITF Model Skills Training Centres in Abuja, Kano and Lagos, and Business Apprenticeship Training Centre, Zaria) in determining the effectiveness of the electronic systems troubleshooting maintenance manual

Conflict of Interest

The authors declared no conflict of interests regarding the publication of this article.

References

- Abu-Moghli, F. A., Halaf, K. I., Halabi, J. O., & Wardam, L. A. (2015). Jordanian baccalaureate nursing of and student attitudes to, online instructional students' perception of their tearning styles. International Nursing Review, 52(5), 39-45.
- Adekunle, A. A. (2013). Development and validation of auto-mechanics intelligent tutor for teaching auto-mechanics concepts in technical colleges. Unpublished PhD thesis, Department of Vocational Teacher Education, University of Nigeria, Nsukka.
- Alabi, J. O., Idris, A. M. & Owoduni, A. S. (2019). Core on-board diagnostic (OBD) skills required by motor vehicle mechanics for troubleshooting engine performance and transmission system of modern automotive in Niger State. International Journal of Pure and Applied Science, 82(9), 83-86.
- Aliyu, A. A. (2013). Development of selfinstructional manual for sand casting technology in the polytechnics in North-Central states of Nigeria. Unpublished PhD thesis, Department of Vocational Teacher Education, University of Nigeria, Nsukka.
- Arah, A. S., Audu, R., Abdulkadir, M. & Umar, I. Y. (2021). Electronic braking systems troubleshooting and maintenance manual. Sokoto: Usman Dan Fodio University Press.
- Cîmpan, M., Vulcu, O. I. & Arghir, M. (2013). Maintenance technology turbomachine. 84th Annual Meeting GAMM 2013 March 18-22 Proceedings of International Conference. Yeppoon, Queensland, 196-201.
- Edeh, H. (2016). Auto Policy: FG's automotive craftsmen's programme to address modern maintenance challenges. Retrieved 18th March, 2018 from:

© 2021 Caliphate Journal of Science and Technology | 186

CaJoST, 2021, 2, 182-187

- https://www.businessdayonline.com/news/ article/auto-policy-fgs-automotivecraftsmens-programme-to-addressmodern-maintenance-challenges/.
- Idris, A. M. & Arah, A. S. (2015). Occupational health hazards among roadside automobile mechanics in Minna metropolis, Niger state, Nigeria. *Journal of Information, Education, Science and Technology (JIEST)*. 2(2), 36-42.
- Kline, B. (2019). How does the brake system work? (6 tips for maintenance). Retrieved 30th April, 2019 from: https://www.smartmotorist.com/car-brake-system.
- Maeleera, K. C. (2015). Development of capacity building module for refrigeration and air-conditioning technologists in South-South, Nigeria. *Unpublished PhD thesis*, Department of Vocational Teacher Education, University of Nigeria, Nsukka.
- Matthew, H. & Rouse, M. (2018). Troubleshooting. Retrieved, 16th July, 2019 from:
 - https://whatis.techtarget.com/definition/troubleshooting.
- Michael, A. (2018). Modern automobile vehicle repair practices in micro, small and medium scale garages in Nigeria. International Journal of Science, Technology and Society, 2(6), 216-222.
- Ogbuanya, T. C. & Idris, A. M. (2014).

 Development of automobile battery and charging system maintenance training manual for technical college students.

 International Journal of Scientific & Engineering Research, 5(12), 75-81.
- Olaitan, O. O. & Ikeh, J. O. (2015). Employability and technical skill required to establish a small scale automobile workshop. Journal of Education and Practice, 6(13), 94-96.
- Rastogi, S. & Nameeta, S. (2013). Selfinstructional material (SIM) on educational statistics for B. Ed. Students: An Experiment. Indian Journal of Open Instructional, 12(1), 59-67.
- Tashtoush, G. M., Tashtoush, K. K., Al-Muhtaseb, M. A. & Mayyas, A. T. M. (2010). Reliability analysis of car maintenance scheduling and performance. Jordan Journal of Mechanical and Industrial Engineering 4(3), 388-393.
- Udogu, K. C. (2015). Emerging technology skills required by technical college graduates of Motor Vehicle Mechanic's Work (MVMW) for establishing automobile enterprises in Anambra and Enugu States of Nigeria. Unpublished MEd. Thesis, Department of Vocational Teacher Education, University of Nigeria, Nsukka.

CaJoST, 2021, 2, 182-187

© 2021 Caliphate Journal of Science and Technology

